

What is the difference
between

WEATHERING

and

EROSION?

I. What is weathering?

- Weathering is physical and chemical processes that change the characteristics of rock on or near the earth's surface.

TYPES OF WEATHERING

☞ **Mechanical**

☞ **Chemical**



Effects of acid rain on limestone statues and buildings

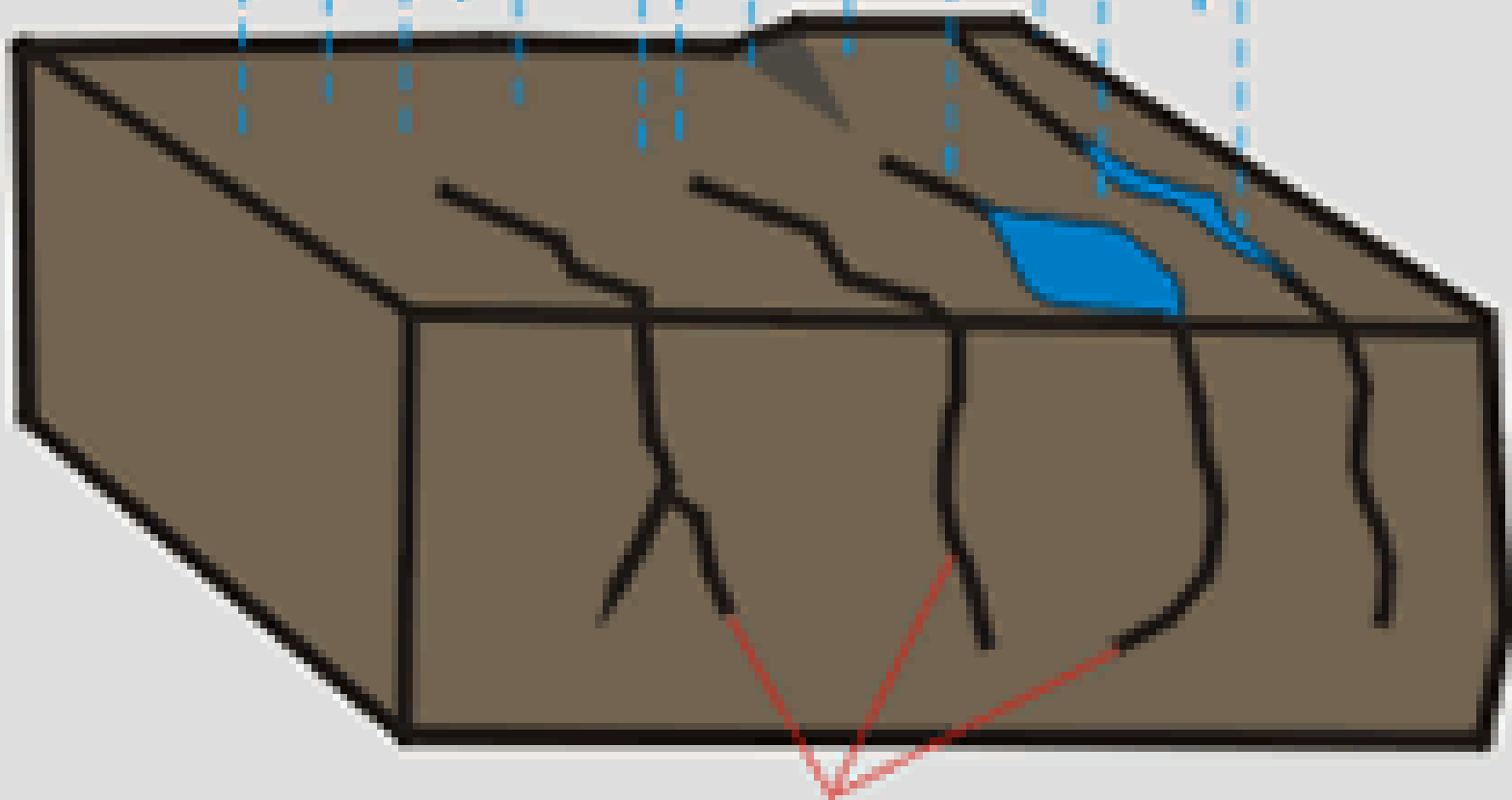
A. Mechanical Weathering

1. Breaks rocks down into smaller pieces.

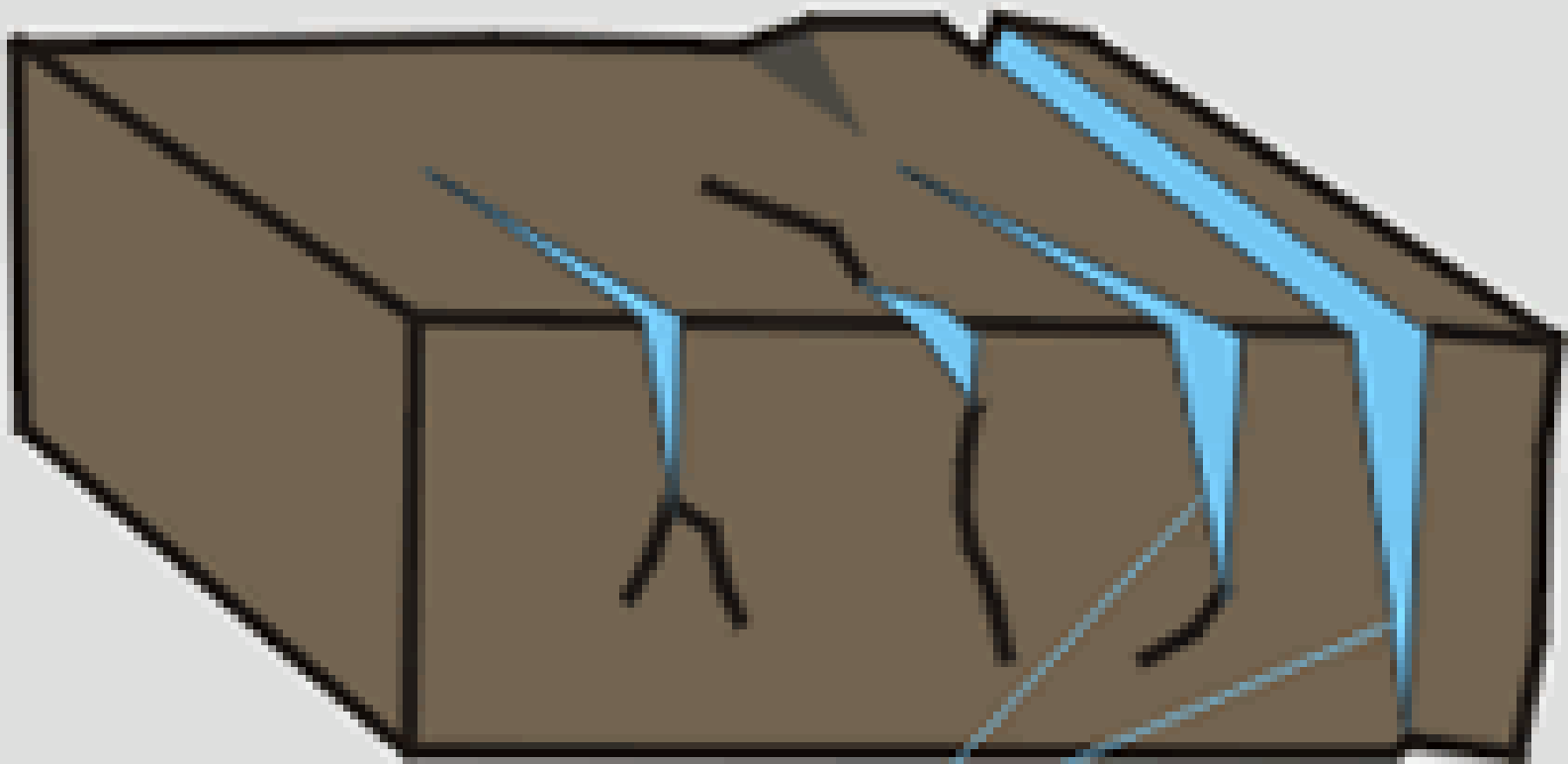
2. Types of mechanical weathering: frost wedging, exfoliation, and thermal expansion.

- **FROST WEDGING**

Rain



Joints



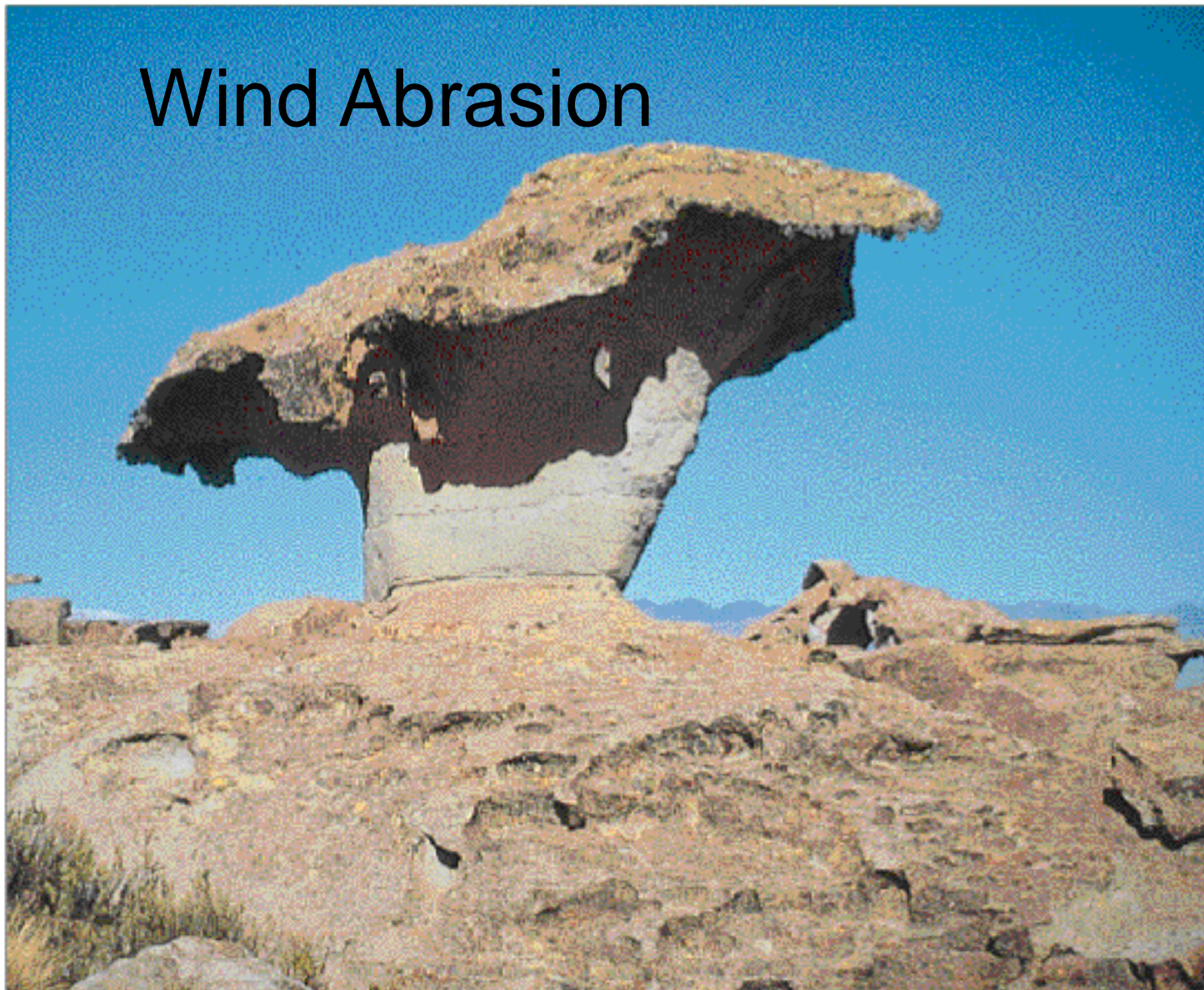
Ice



Fire shatters rock



Wind Abrasion



B. CHEMICAL WEATHERING

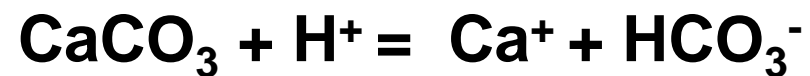
- 1. Chemical weathering occurs when a rock is changed into a *new substance*.**
- 2. A result of interaction between elements in the air or water and the minerals in the rock.**





Chemical Weathering

Acid dissolution



II.

Erosion

- Movement of weathered material
- By wind, water, ice or gravity

A. WATER EROSION

1. Erodes most often as running water in streams or rivers.

2. Water picks up loose material and moves it downstream.





B. GLACIAL EROSION

- 1. As a glacier moves, it grinds rock and cuts valleys into the land.**
- 2. The glaciers carry away what it has broken off.**
- 3. Glaciers move as a result of gravity.**



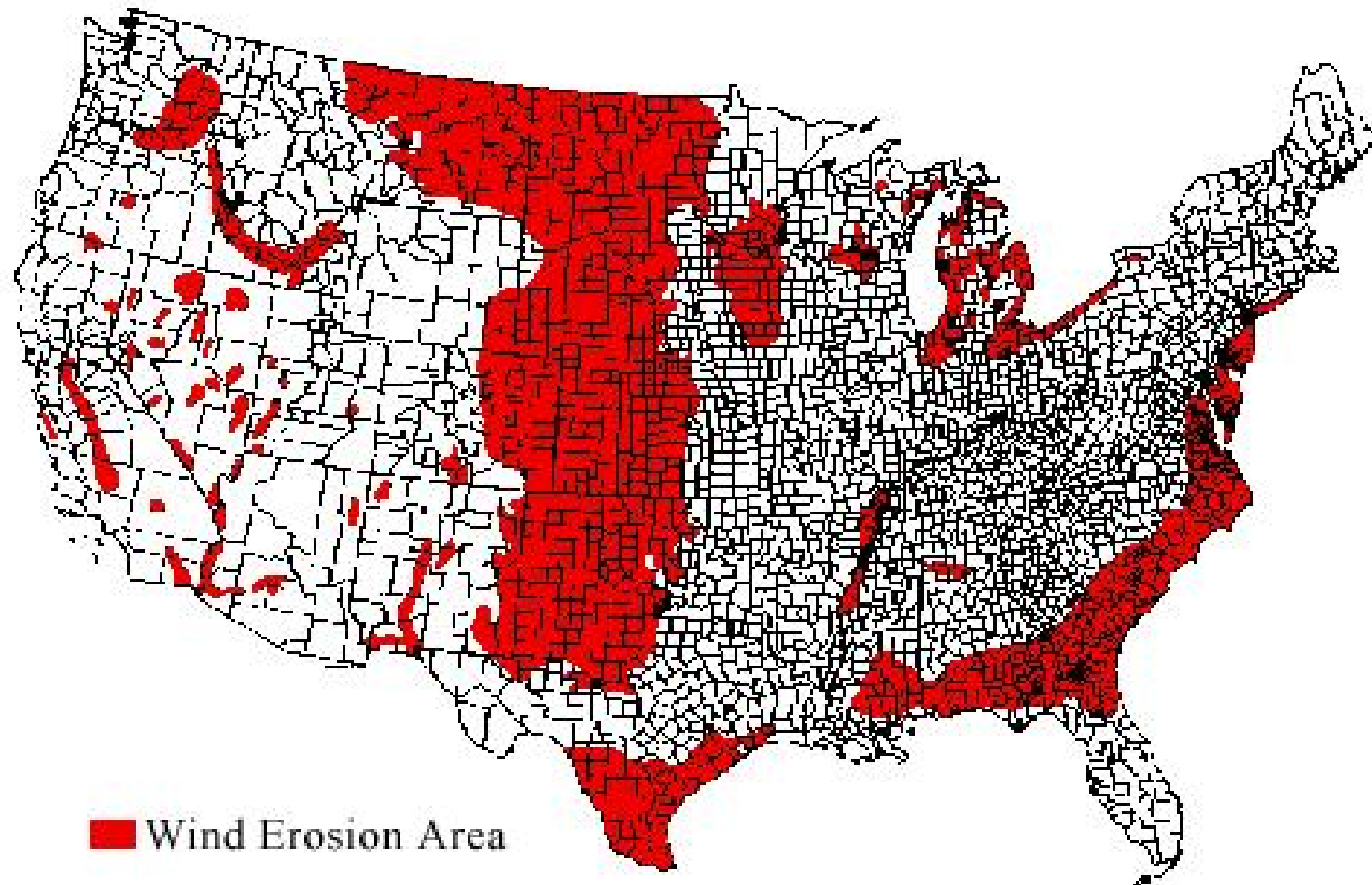
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C. WIND EROSION

- 1. Carries away the weathered material.**
- 2. The greater the speed of the wind, the larger the particles it can move.**

- Wind erosion is a serious problem in many parts of the world. It is worse in **arid** and **semiarid** regions.

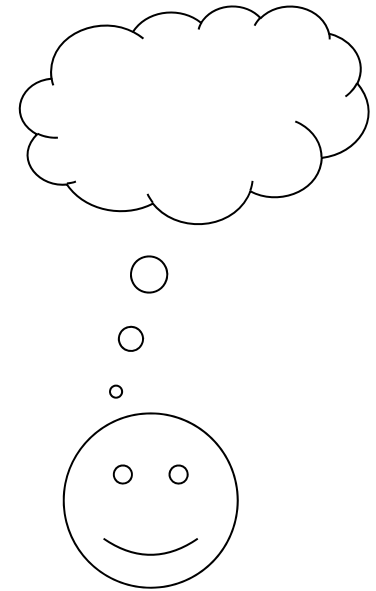








IN A NUTSHELL



1. If a particle is _____,
chemically or mechanically, but
_____, we call it
weathering.

2. Once the particle starts _____,
we call it erosion